

SECURITY, BASIC SERVICES AND ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY IN SOUTH SUDAN: PERSPECTIVES OF WOMEN POST- INDEPENDENCE AND PRE-CIVIL WAR

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BACKGROUND

- 2013 Civil War
- Double burden on women during conflict
- Marginalization of women in peace processes



METHODOLOGY SUMMARY

Wave 1 (N=975)

- Face to Face Interviewing
- Field: Nov. 7 – Dec. 7, 2011
- Target: Urban South Sudanese, 18+
- Sampling: 5 key cities in South Sudan
 - Juba (260)
 - Malakal (235)
 - Rumbek (235)
 - Yambio (160)
 - Wau (160)

Wave 2 (N=1,051)

- Face to Face Interviewing
- Field: Jan. 30 – Feb. 18, 2013
- Target: Urban and Rural South Sudanese, 18+
- Sampling: 5 states in South Sudan
 - Central Equatoria (330)
 - Upper Nile (110)
 - Lakes (390)
 - Western Equatoria (130)
 - Western Bahr el Ghazal (140)

METHODOLOGY COMPARISON

Wave 1

- Respondents selected using multi-stage random sample, from PSU selection (random draw selection of sampling points within Bomas throughout each city), to household selection (random route) and respondent selection (Kish grid)
- MOE, assuming a SRS, with $p=0.5$, final $n=975$ and a 95% confidence interval, is ± 3.14

Wave 2

- Sample: $\frac{1}{2}$ Urban and $\frac{1}{2}$ Rural
- Stratified by population among selected counties using the “5th Sudan Population & Housing Census – 2008”
- Respondents selected using multi-stage random sample, from PSU selection (random starting points within Bomas), to household selection (random route) and respondent selection (Kish grid)
- MOE, assuming a SRS, with $p=0.5$, final $n=1,051$ and a 95% confidence interval, is ± 3.02

METHODOLOGY COMPARISON

Wave 1

- These data were weighted using city and gender population estimates from the “5th Sudan Population & Housing Census – 2008”
- Post-stratification weights adjust the disproportionate sample allocation to match the final sample to the aforementioned population figures for analysis.

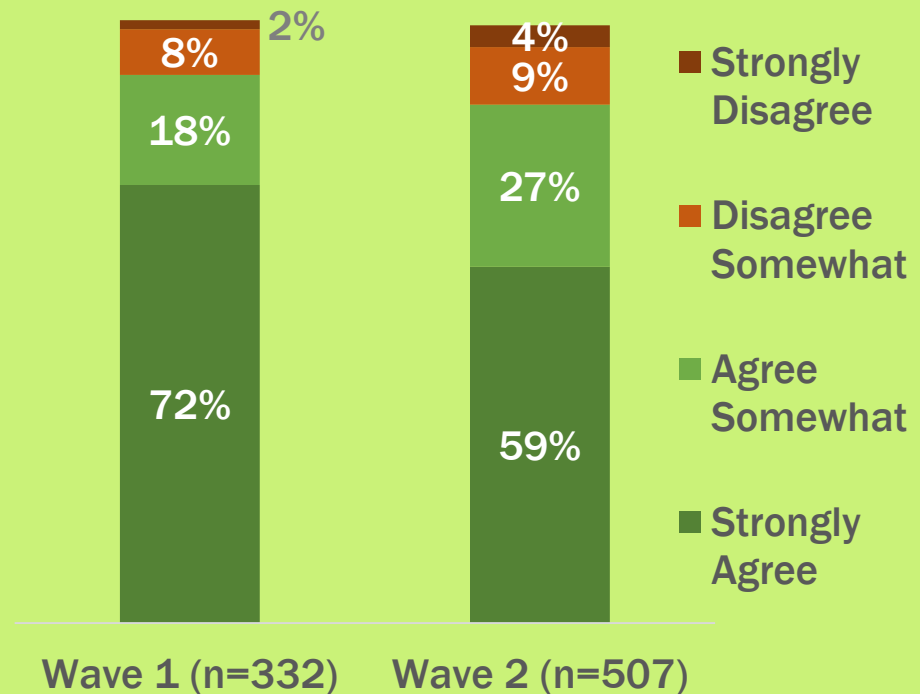
Wave 2

- No weighting used

SECURITY

- Increasing anxiety at national and local level
- Perceptions of neighborhood security as indicator of broader human security concerns
- Deepening distrust of security forces

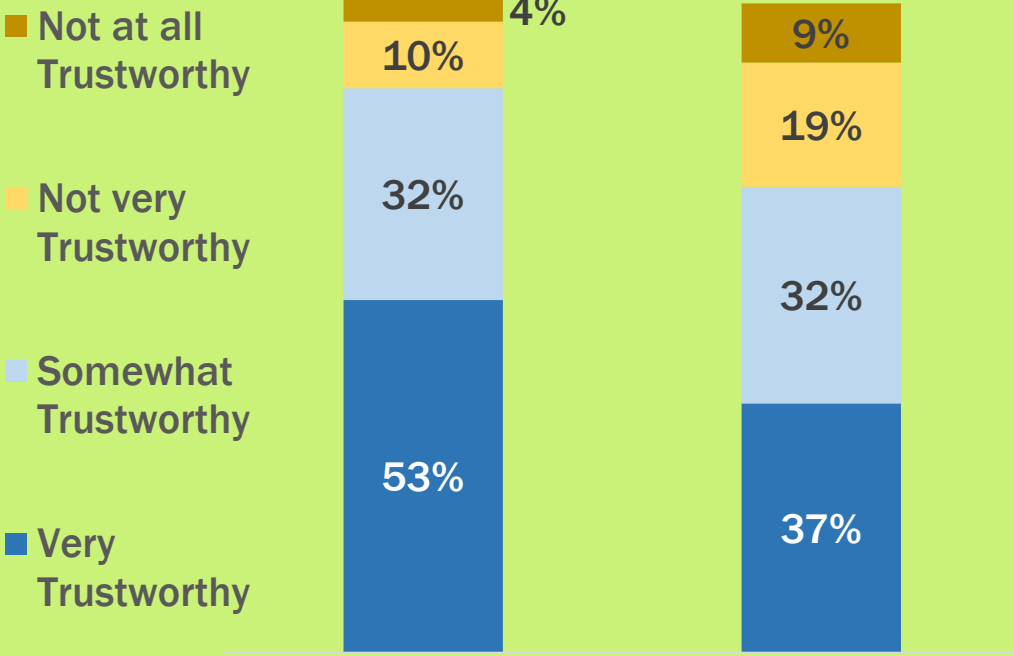
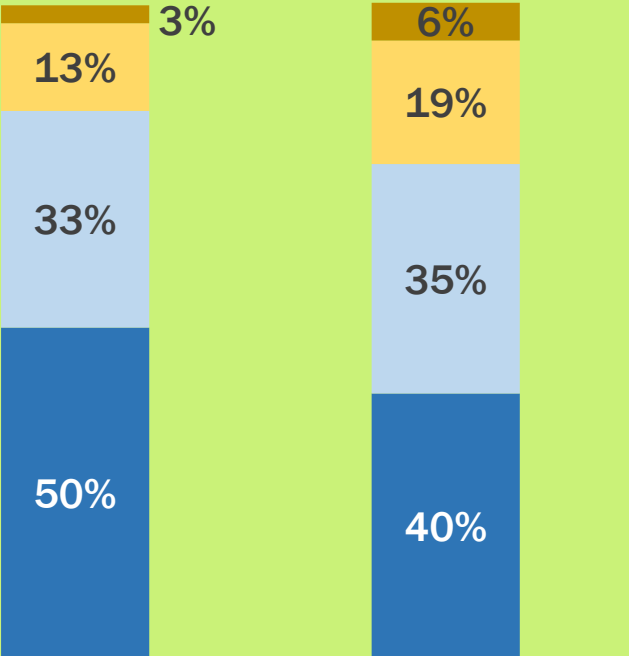
Please tell me if you agree or disagree that the Government of South Sudan can protect the people of South Sudan?
(Female Respondents by Wave)



DEEPENING DISTRUST OF SECURITY FORCES

Are the **POLICE** trustworthy or not trustworthy as they currently exist in South Sudan
(Female Respondents by Wave)

Are the **MILITARY** trustworthy or not trustworthy as they currently exist in South Sudan
(Female Respondents by Wave)



Wave 1 (n=332)

Wave 2 (n=507)

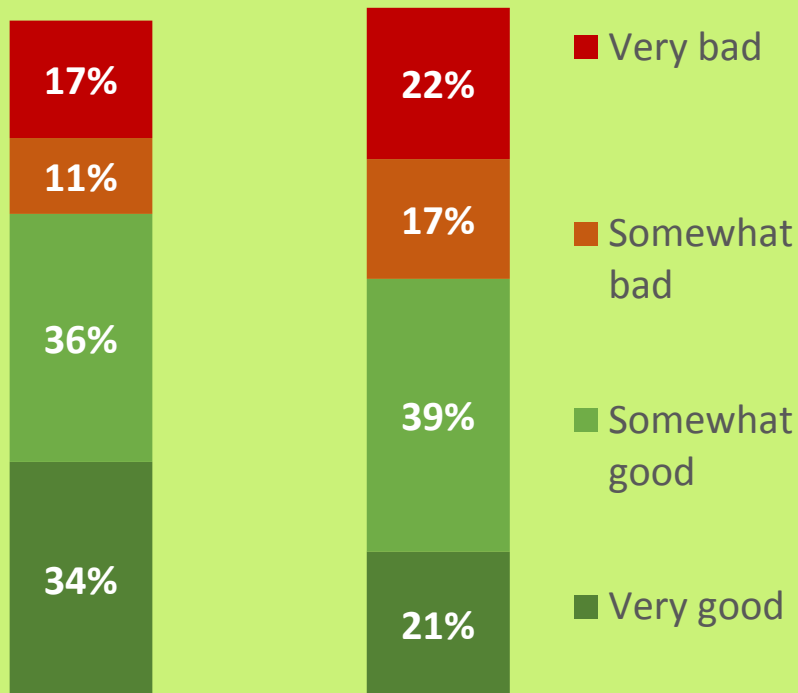
Wave 1 (n=332)

Wave 2 (n=507)

PERCEPTIONS OF NEIGHBORHOOD SECURITY

How would you rate the level of security in your neighborhood today?

(Female Respondents by Wave)

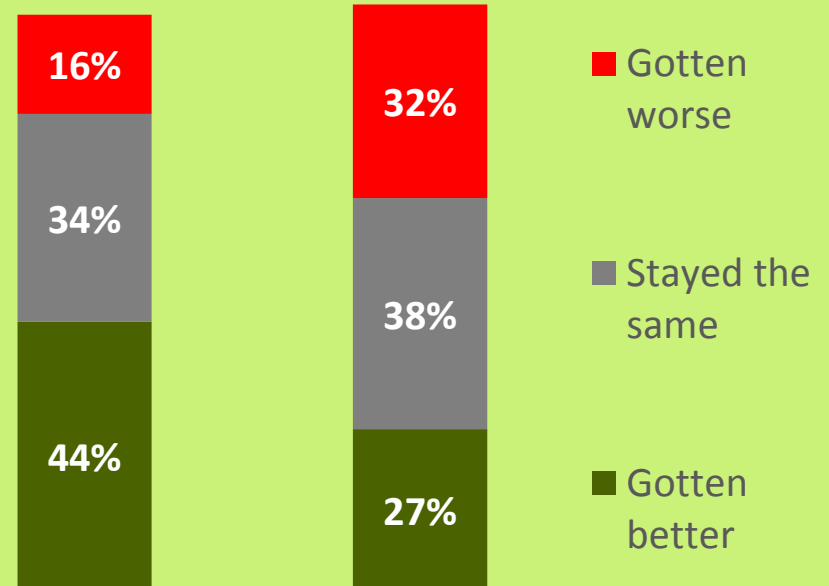


Wave 1 (n=332)

Wave 2 (n=507)

In the LAST 6 MONTHS, do you believe the level of security in your neighborhood has gotten better, stayed about the same or gotten worse?

(Female Respondents by Wave)

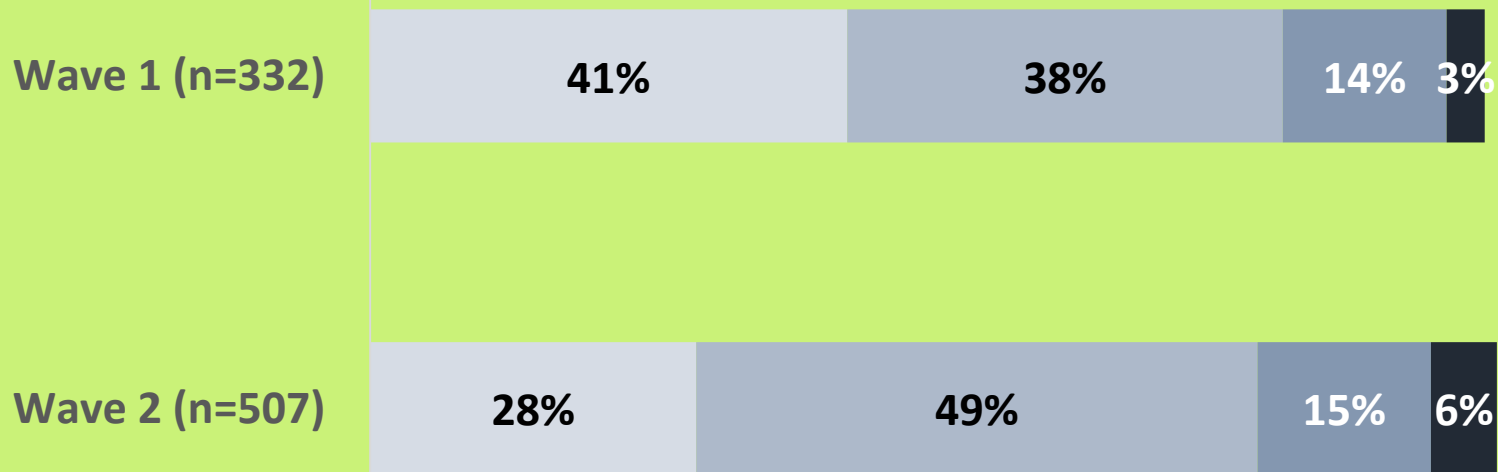


Wave 1 (n=332)

Wave 2 (n=507)

ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES

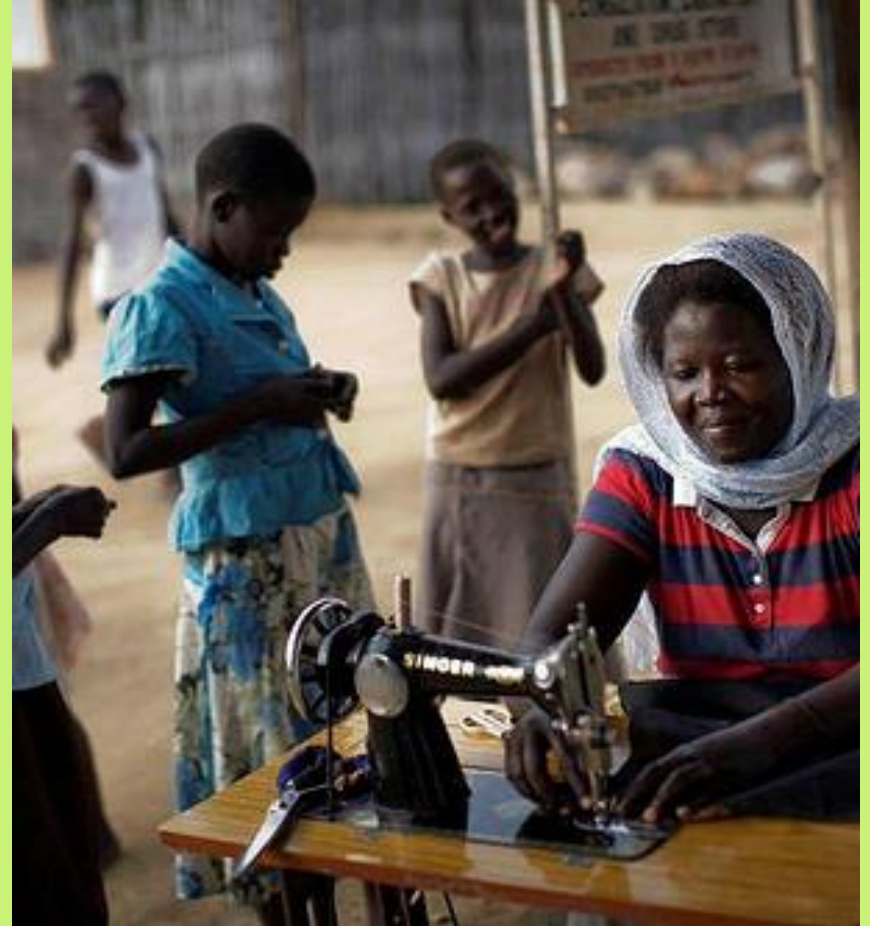
Do you think the South Sudanese government has been successful or unsuccessful in providing basic services
(Female Respondents by Wave)



■ Very Successful ■ Somewhat Successful ■ Somewhat Unsuccessful ■ Very Unsuccessful

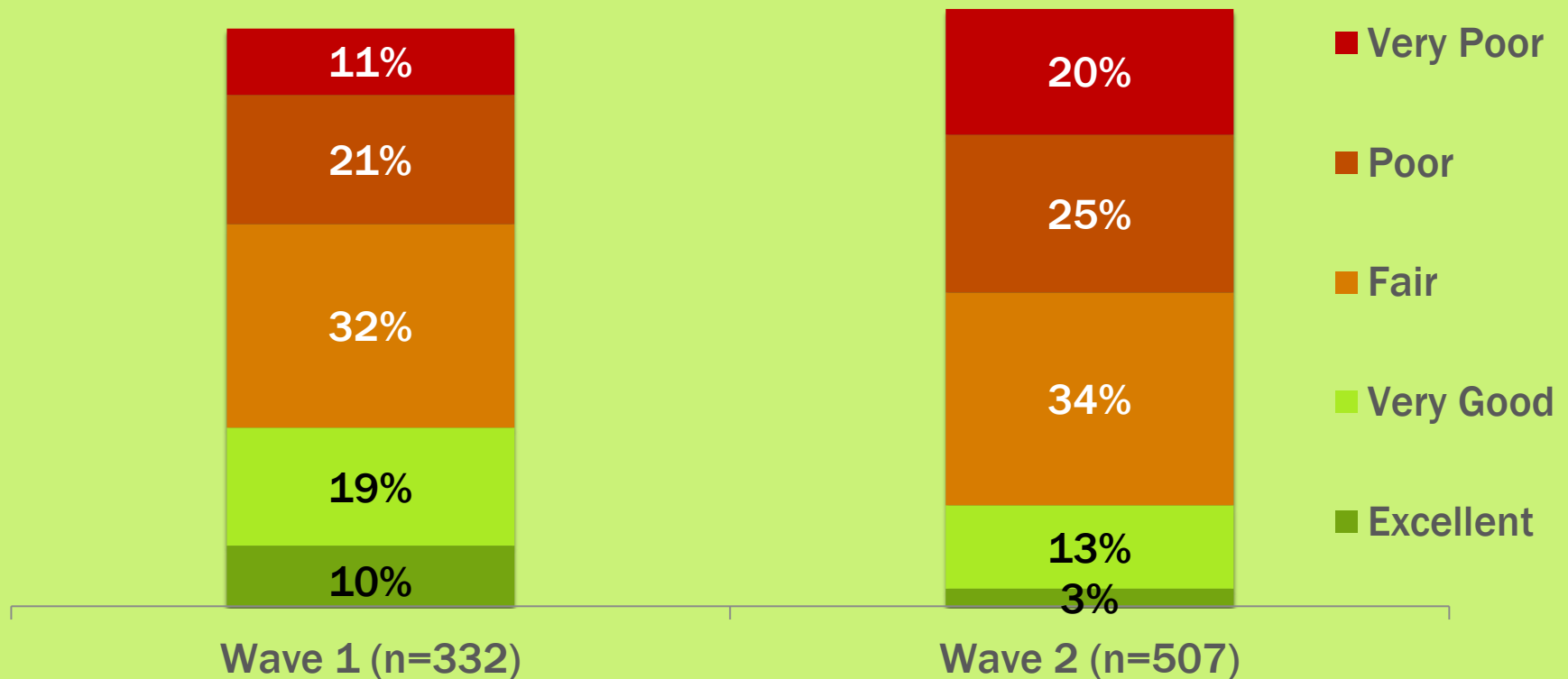
ECONOMY

- Economic concerns highly prioritized
- Unemployment and extremism
- Women's economic empowerment and post-conflict development



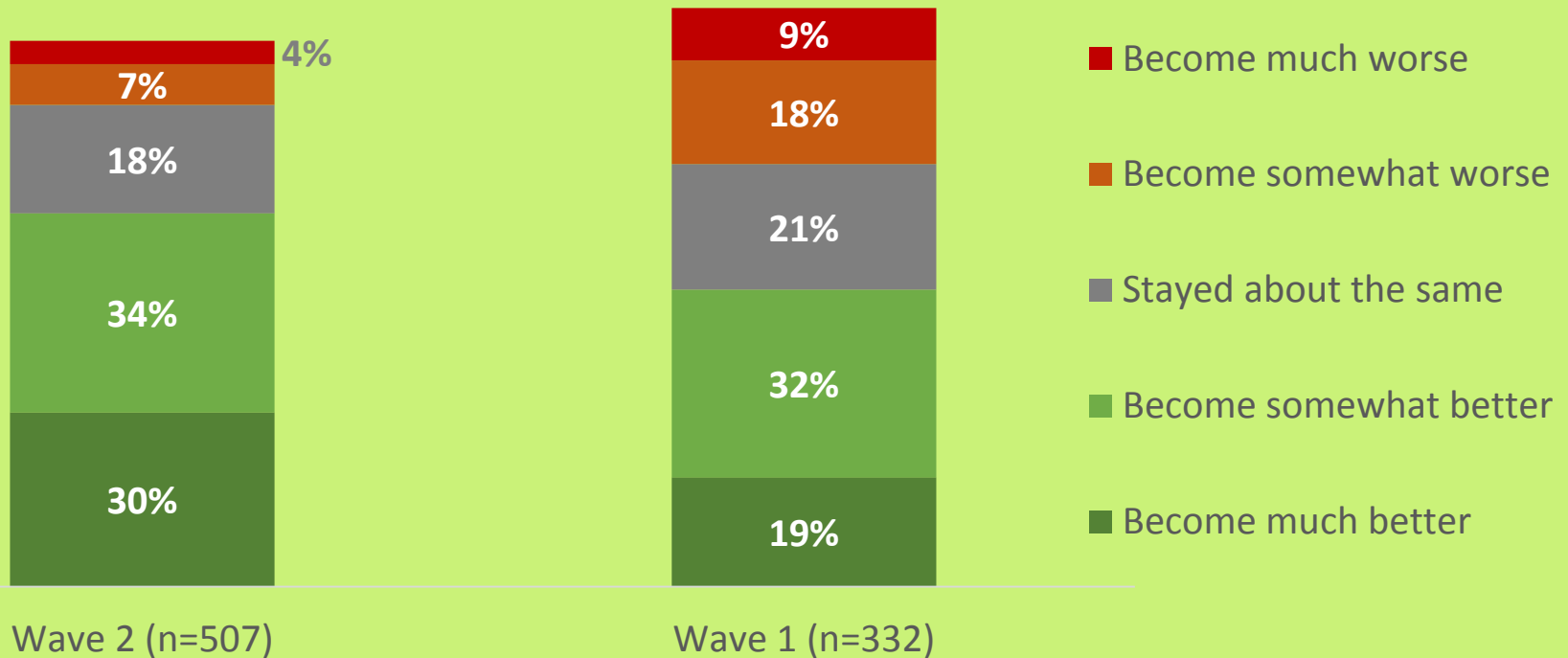
PERCEPTION OF SOUTH SUDANESE ECONOMY

Overall, would you say South Sudan's economic situation today is excellent, good, only fair, poor or very poor?
(Female Respondents by Wave)



HOUSEHOLD FINANCIAL STATUS

Compared to a year ago, do you think the financial status of your household has...
(Female Respondents by Wave)



CONCLUSION

- Public opinion research has an important role to play in understanding the experiences of women in conflict
- Gender-sensitive data collection and sound methodology are necessary

